venture in writing of the reasons for the determination:

- (1) The MBE or joint venture is certified; or
- (2) The MBE or joint venture is not eligible to be certified and is denied eligibility to participate as an MBE in any direct or DOT-assisted contract until a new application for certification is approved by the recipient.

# Subpart D—Implementation of Section 105(f) of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982

SOURCE: 48 FR 33442, July 21, 1983, unless otherwise noted.

## §23.61 Purpose.

(a) The purpose of this subpart is to implement section 106(c) of the Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100–17) and section 105(f) of the Airport and Airway Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100–223) so that, except to the extent the Secretary determines otherwise, not less than ten percent of the funds authorized by the Act for the programs listed in § 23.63 of this subpart is expended with small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.

(b) The ten percent level of participation for disadvantaged businesses established by section 106(c) and section 105(f) will be achieved if recipients under the programs covered by this subpart set and meet overall disadvantaged business goals of at least ten percent.

[48 FR 33442, July 21, 1983, as amended at 52 FR 39230, Oct. 21, 1987; 53 FR 18286, May 23, 1988]

#### §23.62 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart. Where these definitions are inconsistent with the definitions of §23.5 of this part, these definitions control for all other purposes under this part.

Act means the Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100-17), with respect to financial assistance pro-

grams of the FHWA and UMTA, and the Airport and Airway Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100-223), with respect to FAA programs.

Disadvantaged business means a small business concern: (a) Which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals, or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals; and (b) whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who own it.

Small business concern means a small business as defined pursuant to section 3 of the Small Business Act and relevant regulations promulgated pursuant thereto except that a small business concern shall not include any concern or group of concerns controlled by the same socially and economically disadvantaged individual or individuals which has annual average gross receipts in excess of \$14 million over the previous three fiscal years. The Secretary shall adjust this figure from time to time for inflation.

Socially and economically disadvantaged individuals means those individuals who are citizens of the United States (or lawfully admitted permanent residents) and who are women, Black Americans, Hispanic Americans, Native Americans, Asian-Pacific Americans, or Asian-Indian Americans and any other minorities or individuals found to be disadvantaged by the Small Business Administration pursuant to section 8(a) of the Small Business Act. Recipients shall make a rebuttable presumption that individuals in the following groups are socially and economically disadvantaged. Recipients also may determine, on a case-by-case basis, that individuals who are not a member of one of the following groups are socially and economically disadvantaged.

- (a) Black Americans which includes persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa;
- (b) Hispanic Americans which includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or

other Spanish or Portuguese culture or origin, regardless of race;

- (c) Native Americans which includes persons who are American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians;
- (d) Asian-Pacific Americans which includes persons whose origins are from Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea, Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia, the Philippines, Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Trust Territories of the Pacific, and the Northern Marianas; and
- (e) Asian-Indian Americans which includes persons whose origins are from India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh.

[48 FR 33442, July 21, 1983, as amended at 52 FR 39230, Oct. 21, 1987; 53 FR 18286, May 23,

### §23.63 Applicability.

This subpart applies to all DOT financial assistance in the following categories that recipients expend in DOTassisted contracts:

- (a) Federal-aid highway funds authorized by title I of the Act;
- (b) Urban mass transportation funds authorized by title I or III of the Act or the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964, as amended: and
- (c) Funds authorized by title I, II (except section 203) or III of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 (Pub. L. 97-424) and obligated on or after April 2, 1987.
- (d) Funds authorized under section title I of the Airport and Airway Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100-223).

[52 FR 39231, Oct. 21, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 18286, May 23, 1988]

#### §23.64 Submission of overall goals.

- (a) Each recipient of funds to which this subpart applies that is required to have an MBE program under §23.41 of this part shall establish an overall goal for the use of disadvantaged businesses.
- (b) Each recipient required to establish an overall goal shall calculate it in terms of a percentage of one of the following bases, as applicable:
- (1) For recipients of Federal-aid highway funds, all such funds that the recipient will expend in DOT-assisted contracts in the forthcoming fiscal year; or
- (2) For recipients of urban mass transportation or airport funds, all

such funds (exclusive of funds to be expended for purchases of transit vehicles) that the recipient will expend in DOT-assisted contracts in the forthcoming fiscal year. In appropriate cases, the UMTA or FAA Administrator may permit recipients to express overall goals as a percentage of funds for a particular grant, project, or group

of grants and/or projects.

- (c) Each recipient of Federal-aid highway funds, urban mass transportation funds, or airport funds shall submit its overall goal to FHWA or UMTA or FAA, as appropriate, for approval 60 days before the beginning of the Federal fiscal year to which the goal applies. An UMTA or FAA recipient calculating its overall goal as a percentage of funds for a particular grant, project, or group of grants or projects shall submit its overall goal to UMTA or FAA at a time determined by the UMTA or FAA Administrator.
- (d) Recipients submitting a goal of ten percent or more shall submit the goal under the procedures set forth in §23.45(g) of this part.
- (e) If an FHWA or UMTA or FAA recipient requests approval of an overall goal of less than ten percent, the recipient shall take the following steps in addition to those set forth in §23.45(g) of this part:
- (1) Submit with its request a justification including the elements set forth in §23.65;
- (2) Ensure that the request is signed, or concurred in, by the Governor of the state (in the case of a state transportation agency), the Mayor or other elected official(s) responsible for the operation of a mass transit agency; or, with respect to an airport sponsor, the elected official, head of the board, or other official responsible for the operation of the sponsor, and
- (3) Consult with minority and general contractors' associations, community organizations, and other officials or organizations which could be expected to have information concerning the availability of disadvantaged businesses and the adequacy of the recipient's efforts to increase the participation of such businesses. If it appears to the Administrator that the recipient has failed to consult with a relevant person or organization, the Administrator may direct